



Cigna Healthcare Physician Statement Form

This document is confidential and proprietary to Cigna Healthcare

Note: * = Required field

Note: Please have the Attending Physician complete the below applicable sections. You can send to Cigna Healthcare at SuppHealthClaims@Cigna.com or by logging into myCigna.com and uploading. If this is completed and sent, you do not need to provide additional documentation such as medical records, itemized bills, etc. with your claim.

SECTION 1: CLAIMANT INFORMATION

Name (First & Last):*

Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy):*

SECTION 2: ACCIDENTAL INJURY

Present Condition

When did the accident happen?*

How did the accident happen?*

Diagnosis*

Date of Surgery (Include operative report.):*

Procedure Performed*

Is the condition the result of an accidental injury?* Yes No

Is the condition the result of an intentionally self-inflicted injury?* Yes No

Was the patient transported via ambulance to a hospital?* Yes No

Was the patient first seen at your doctor's office?* Yes No

Was the patient first seen at a facility outside of an emergency room?* Yes No

Was the patient seen in an emergency room?* Yes No

Was the patient hospitalized?* Yes No If yes, provide dates*

Additional Comments:*

SECTION 2: ACCIDENTAL INJURY (cont'd)**Physician Information / Signature**

Attending Physician Name (First & Last):*			Degree:*		
Tax Identification Number:*	Phone Number:*	Fax Number:*			
Street Address:*		City:*	State:*	Zip Code:*	
Attending Physician Signature*			Date Signed*		

SECTION 3: CRITICAL ILLNESS/SPECIFIED DISEASE**History**

When did the current symptoms first appear?	Confirmed Diagnosis Date:
Has the patient ever had the same or a similar condition? (If "yes," provide date and description.) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Note: Only the conditions listed below may be covered. If the patient does not have one of the specific illnesses listed below, the claim may not be eligible.	

Cancers:

Initial diagnosis date:	Any subsequent diagnosis dates:
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Carcinoma in Situ*

Did the patient have a malignant tumor which has not yet become invasive but is confined only to the superficial layer of cells from which it arose? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Did the patient have prostate cancer that is classified as T-1a, b, or c, N-0, and M-0 on a TNM classification scale? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
*Does NOT include pre-malignant conditions or conditions with malignant potential, skin cancer or invasive cancer.

Invasive Cancer*

Did the patient have a disease involving an organ of the body which is identified by the presence of malignant cells or a malignant tumor characterized by the uncontrolled and abnormal growth and spread of invasive malignant cells? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
FOR GROUPS SITUED IN OREGON – Was there a disease involving an organ of the body which is identified by the presence of malignant cells or a malignant tumor characterized by the uncontrolled and abnormal growth and spread of invasive malignant cells? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Is the diagnosis the recurrence or spread (metastasis) of a previously diagnosed cancer where the patient has not undergone any form of treatment for the previously diagnosed invasive cancer for a period of 1 year? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
*Does NOT include pre-malignant conditions or conditions with malignant potential, carcinoma in situ or skin cancer.
*FOR GROUPS SITUED IN OREGON - Does NOT include:
1. Pre-malignant conditions or conditions with malignant potential;
2. Carcinoma in situ;
3. Basal cell carcinoma;
4. Squamous cell carcinoma of the skin, unless metastatic disease develops;
5. Melanoma that is diagnosed as Clark's Level I or II or Breslow less than 0.75mm, or melanoma in situ; or
6. A prostate tumor that is classified as T-1a,b, or c, N-0, and M-0 on a TNM classification scale.

SECTION 3: CRITICAL ILLNESS/SPECIFIED DISEASE (cont'd)**Skin Cancer**

Did the physician take a tissue specimen that shows basal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma or melanoma that is diagnosed as Clark's Level I or II or Breslow less than 0.75mm?

Yes No

Vascular Conditions:

Procedure Date:

Advanced Heart Failure*

Did the patient have one of the following diagnostic tests that shows abnormal left ventricular function consistent with advanced heart failure - echocardiogram, nuclear scan, or catheterization?

Yes No

Did the patient have a blood test showing elevated BNP of 400 or greater consistent with advanced heart failure?

Yes No

Does the physician confirm that the patient displays the clinical signs of advanced heart failure and recommends the patient be inpatient in a hospital?

Yes No

Did the patient show signs of fluid overload such as lower extremity edema?

Yes No

Did the patient show signs of accumulation of fluid in the abdomen (ascites) and/or lungs (pulmonary edema)?

Yes No

In the event of death, does the autopsy confirmation and/or death certificate identify cardiomyopathy as the cause of death?

Yes No

*Does NOT include heart attack, coronary artery disease or arrhythmias.

Aortic & Cerebral Aneurysm*

Was there a localized, blood-filled dilation of a natural blood vessel caused by weakening of the vessel wall in the aorta or cerebral blood vessels for which a physician has prescribed repair?

Yes No

In the event of death, does the autopsy confirmation and/or death certificate identify non-traumatic aortic or cerebral aneurysm as the cause of death?

Yes No

*Does NOT include any surgical repair of complications resulting from prior repair of an aneurysm.

Coronary Artery Disease

Did the patient have a narrowing or blockage of the inner lining of the coronary arteries by lipid-bearing plaques, which restricts blood flow to the heart by at least 70% for any one occlusion or 50% for any two or more?

Yes No

Heart Attack

Was there an ischemic death of a portion of the heart muscle confirmed by diagnostic testing through:

1. Electrocardiographic (EKG); and,
2. Elevation of cardiac enzyme markers of myocardial injury?

Yes No

In the event of death, does the autopsy confirmation and/or death certificate identify cardiomyopathy as the cause of death

Yes No

Stroke*

Was there a cerebrovascular event resulting in damage of brain tissue as a result of ischemia or hemorrhage and confirmed by findings on neuroimaging studies, including brain CT, MRI, MRA or similar diagnostic study, or a lumbar puncture (spinal tap)?

Yes No

SECTION 3: CRITICAL ILLNESS/SPECIFIED DISEASE (cont'd)

Stroke (cont'd)

At least 96 hours after the event, was there:

- i. Clinical evidence of persistent neurological deficits diagnosed by a physician; or
- ii. Confirmatory findings on neuroimaging studies, including Brain CT, MRI, MRA, or similar diagnostic study, or lumbar puncture (spinal tap) consistent with a cerebrovascular event?

Yes No

In the event of death, does the autopsy confirmation and/or death certificate identify stroke as the cause of death?

Yes No

*Does NOT include transient ischemic attack, brain injury related to trauma or infection, brain injury associated with hypoxia or anoxia, vascular disease affecting the eye or optic nerve and ischemic disorders of the vestibular system.

Nervous System Conditions

Parkinson's Disease

Was there a loss of the neurotransmitter dopamine that lead to at least three of the following signs?

- a. Tremors at rest
- b. Slowed, physical movement (bradyknesia) or difficulty initiating movement
- c. Difficulty with speech (monotone voice, lack of inflection, etc.)
- d. Muscular rigidity
- e. Inexpressive face
- f. Festinating gait
- g. Rapid, persistent blinking (blephorospasm)

Yes No

Infectious Conditions*

Severe Sepsis

Was there a severe bacterial infectious disease that has spread to the bloodstream resulting in both of the following:

1. Organ dysfunction (failure of the respiratory, kidney, renal, cardiovascular, gastrointestinal tract, central nervous or blood coagulation systems to perform their normal functions); and
2. Blood pressure of less than or equal to 100 systolic?

Yes No

*Does NOT include relapse of the underlying bacterial infection causing the severe sepsis.

Other Specified Conditions

Advanced Obesity

Was there a metabolic disorder that led to excess body fat for which a physician has prescribed:

Primary bariatric surgery; or

Date of diagnosis for primary bariatric surgery is the date when all of the following criteria have been met:

1. Is the individual is ≥ 18 years of age or has reached full expected skeletal growth and has evidence of either of the following:

- a. A BMI (Body Mass Index) ≥ 40 ; or
- b. A BMI (Body Mass Index) 35–39.9 with at least one clinically significant obesity-related comorbidity as well as any other medically recognized condition adversely affecting the patient's health. Clinically significant obesity-related comorbidity includes any of the following: i. symptomatic degenerative joint disease in a weight bearing joint; ii. Type II diabetes mellitus; iii. systolic blood pressure at least 140 mm Hg or diastolic blood pressure 90mm Hg or greater, despite medical management; iv. hyperlipidemia; v. coronary artery disease; vi. lower extremity lymphatic or venous obstruction; vii. obstructive sleep apnea or pulmonary hypertension; viii. evidence of nonalcoholic fatty liver disease or nonalcoholic steatohepatitis?

Yes No

2. Has the physician, physician's assistant/nurse practitioner or registered dietician, other than the requesting surgeon, provided a statement that the patient has failed previous attempts to achieve and maintain weight loss by medical management?

Yes No

SECTION 3: CRITICAL ILLNESS/SPECIFIED DISEASE (cont'd)

Other Specified Conditions (cont'd)

Advanced Obesity (cont'd)

3. Has a thorough multidisciplinary evaluation by a metabolic and bariatric surgery creditation and quality improvement program (MBSAQIP) accredited bariatric program been performed within the previous 6 months which includes ALL of the following:
- A description of the proposed primary bariatric procedure(s)
 - A separate medical evaluation and/or a recommendation for primary bariatric surgery from a physician/physician's assistant/nurse practitioner other than the requesting surgeon or associated staff
 - unequivocal clearance for bariatric surgery by a mental health provider
 - A nutritional evaluation by a physician or registered dietician

Yes No

A revision or conversion of a prior primary bariatric surgery for the patient?

Yes No

A physician prescribes primary bariatric surgery. The date of diagnosis for a revision or conversion of a prior primary bariatric surgery is the date the physician prescribes the revision or conversion of the prior bariatric surgery due to inadequate weight loss in accordance with the following criteria:

1. Is there evidence of full compliance with the previously prescribed postoperative dietary and exercise program?

Yes No

2. Due to a technical failure of the original bariatric surgical procedure, has the individual failed to achieve adequate weight loss, which is defined as failure to lose at least 50% of excess body weight or failure to achieve body weight to within 30% of ideal body weight at least two years following the original surgery?

Yes No

In the absence of a technical failure or major complication, individuals with weight loss failure greater than two years following a primary bariatric surgery procedure must meet the initial criteria for primary bariatric surgery.

Benign Brain Tumor

Was there a localized mass of abnormal cells in the brain that is non-cancerous, non-inflammatory, and non-infectious?

Yes No

Blindness

Was there a clinically proven irreversible reduction of sight in both eyes, due to a disease or sickness resulting in sight in the better eye reduced to a best corrected visual acuity of less than 6/60 (Metric Acuity) or 20/200 (Snellen or E-Chart Acuity)?

Yes No

Was there visual field restriction to 20 degrees or less in both eyes?

Yes No

Crohn's Disease*

Was there a chronic inflammation disease of the digestive tract?

Yes No

*Does NOT include irritable bowel syndrome or ulcerative colitis.

End-Stage Renal (Kidney) Failure

Was there a chronic irreversible failure of the function of both kidneys, such that regular hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis is required to sustain life?

Yes No

FOR GROUPS SITUED IN IDAHO – Was there a chronic irreversible failure of the function of both kidneys, such that the patient's kidneys will no longer sustain life?

Yes No

Major Organ Failure

Was there a life-threatening inability or lack of function of organs that is the result of sickness or disease and is not the result of physical injury or trauma?

Yes No

Did the physician recommend or prescribe that the patient undergo a human to human transplantation of the organ?

Yes No

SECTION 3: CRITICAL ILLNESS/SPECIFIED DISEASE (cont'd)**Paralysis***

Was there a complete, irreversible and permanent loss of the use of two or more non-severed limbs, as a result of a disease or sickness?

Yes No

*Does NOT include paralysis as a result of stroke, multiple sclerosis and cerebral palsy.

Pulmonary Embolism*

Was there an obstruction of the pulmonary artery or its branches by thrombus that originated elsewhere in the body?

Yes No

In the event of death, does the autopsy confirmation and/or death certificate identify pulmonary embolism as the cause of death?

Yes No

*Does NOT include a blood clot confined to the lower extremities or pelvis.

Physician Information / Signature

Attending Physician Name (<i>First & Last</i>):*	Degree:*
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Tax Identification Number:*	Phone Number:*	Fax Number:*	
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Street Address:*	City:*	State:*	Zip Code:*
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	Date Signed*
Attending Physician Signature*	

SECTION 4: HOSPITAL CARE**Present Condition**

Diagnosis*

History

When did the current symptoms first appear?*	Confirmed Diagnosis Date*
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Has the patient ever had the same or a similar condition? (If "yes," provide date and description below.)* Yes No

Treatment Details

Hospital Admission Date*	Hospital Discharge Date*
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If diagnosis is childbirth, number of days newborn was hospitalized*

If diagnosis is childbirth, was newborn in NICU? If so, how many days? * Yes No

Intensive Care Unit (Critical Care Unit) Admission Date*	Intensive Care Unit (Critical Care Unit) Discharge Date
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Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility Admission Date*	Rehabilitation Facility Discharge Date*
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Observation Unit Admission Date*	Number of Hours in Observation Unit*
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Number of Days in Standard Hospital Bed*	Number of Days in ICU (CCU) Facility*
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Number of Days in ICU (CCU) Step Down Facility*	Number of Days in Rehabilitation Facility*
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SECTION 4: HOSPITAL CARE (cont'd)**Physician Information / Signature**

Attending Physician Name (<i>First & Last</i>):*			Degree:*		
Tax Identification Number:*	Phone Number:*	Fax Number:*			
Street Address:*		City:*	State:*	Zip Code:*	
Attending Physician Signature*			Date Signed*		

CAUTION: Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person: (1) files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information; (2) conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act. For residents of the following states, please see the last page of this form: ***Alaska, Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, District of Columbia, Florida, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia.***

New York Residents: FRAUD WARNING: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5000 and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

The issuance of this form is not the admission of the existence of any insurance nor does it recognize the validity of any claim and is without prejudice to the company's legal rights.

IMPORTANT CLAIM NOTICES

- Alaska Residents:** A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.
- Alabama Residents:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.
- Arizona Residents:** For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.
- Arkansas Residents:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- California Residents:** For your protection California law requires the following statement appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.
- Colorado Residents:** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies.
- District of Columbia Residents:** WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.
- Florida Residents:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.
- Kansas Residents:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person (1) files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information; or (2) conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact thereto, may be guilty of insurance fraud determined by a court of law.
- Kentucky Residents:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.
- Louisiana Residents:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- Maine Residents:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.
- Maryland Residents:** Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
- Minnesota Residents:** A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.
- New Hampshire Residents:** Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.
- New Jersey Residents:** Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.
- New Mexico Residents:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.
- Ohio Residents:** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.
- Oklahoma Residents:** Warning: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.
- Pennsylvania Residents:** Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico Residents: Caution: Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

Rhode Island Residents: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Tennessee Residents: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

Texas Residents: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Virginia Residents: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.

Washington Residents: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.

West Virginia Residents: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

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